# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT

for the

Southern District of Georgia

HAROLD H. RICKS; ROGER SMITH; SHON BUTLER; and MALIK BRANTLEY v.	) ) Case No.: 6:17-cv-89	
HANDI-HOUSE MFG. CO.; and DONALD FLANDERS	) )	
BILL	OF COSTS	
Judgment having been entered in the above entitled action on	03/28/2019 against	Plaintiffs ,
the Clerk is requested to tax the following as costs:		
Fees of the Clerk		\$
Fees for service of summons and subpoena	CO X CO C CO X CO X CO X COCX ESCO X CO X CO	710.00
Fees for printed or electronically recorded transcripts necessarily	y obtained for use in the case	9,738.77
Fees and disbursements for printing	C+ X C+ + C+ + C+ + C+ + X C+ X C+ + X C+ + X C+ X C+ + X C+ X C+ + X C+	
Fees for witnesses (itemize on page two)	0101010101010000	128.64
Fees for exemplification and the costs of making copies of any necessarily obtained for use in the case		6,714.89
Docket fees under 28 U.S.C. 1923	01010101010101010010	
Costs as shown on Mandate of Court of Appeals		(* 60)
Compensation of court-appointed experts	01010101010100101010	
Compensation of interpreters and costs of special interpretation	services under 28 U.S.C. 1828	
Other costs (please itemize)		
	Ţ	ГОТАL \$17,292.30
SPECIAL NOTE: Attach to your bill an itemization and docume	entation for requested costs in all	categories.
Dec	laration	
I declare under penalty of perjury that the foregoing conservices for which fees have been charged were actually and new in the following manner:		
For: Handi-House MFG. Co. and Donal Name of Claiming Party	d Flanders	4/15/19
Taxati	on of Costs	TRICT
Costs are taxed in the amount of17, 292.30	1 //	and included in the judgment.
SCOTT L. POFF By:	Linken	05/02/2019
Clerk of Court	Deputy Clerk	Date

AO 133 (Rev. 12/09) Bill of Costs

### United States District Court

Witness Fees (computation, cf. 28 U.S.C. 1821 for statutory fees)								
	ATTEN	IDANCE	SUBSISTENCE		MILEAGE		Total Cost	
NAME, CITY AND STATE OF RESIDENCE	Days	Total Cost	Days	Total Cost	Miles	Total Cost	Each Witness	
Terrence Carlyle Swainsboro, GA	1	25.00			33	17.88	\$42.88	
Charlie Fluellen Swainsboro, GA	1	25.00			33	17.88	\$42.88	
Jermaine Wells Swainsboro, GA	1	25.00			33	17.88	\$42.88	
							\$0.00	
							\$0.00	
							\$0.00	
					T	OTAL	\$128.64	

#### NOTICE

#### Section 1924, Title 28, U.S. Code (effective September 1, 1948) provides:

"Sec. 1924. Verification of bill of costs."

"Before any bill of costs is taxed, the party claiming any item of cost or disbursement shall attach thereto an affidavit, made by himself or by his duly authorized attorney or agent having knowledge of the facts, that such item is correct and has been necessarily incurred in the case and that the services for which fees have been charged were actually and necessarily performed."

#### See also Section 1920 of Title 28, which reads in part as follows:

"A bill of costs shall be filed in the case and, upon allowance, included in the judgment or decree."

## The Federal Rules of Civil Procedure contain the following provisions: RULE 54(d)(1)

Costs Other than Attorneys' Fees.

Unless a federal statute, these rules, or a court order provides otherwise, costs — other than attorney's fees — should be allowed to the prevailing party. But costs against the United States, its officers, and its agencies may be imposed only to the extent allowed by law. The clerk may tax costs on 14 day's notice. On motion served within the next 7 days, the court may review the clerk's action.

#### RULE 6

(d) Additional Time After Certain Kinds of Service.

When a party may or must act within a specified time after service and service is made under Rule5(b)(2)(C), (D), (E), or (F), 3 days are added after the period would otherwise expire under Rule 6(a).

#### **RULE 58(e)**

Cost or Fee Awards:

Ordinarily, the entry of judgment may not be delayed, nor the time for appeal extended, in order to tax costs or award fees. But if a timely motion for attorney's fees is made under Rule 54(d)(2), the court may act before a notice of appeal has been filed and become effective to order that the motion have the same effect under Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 4(a)(4) as a timely motion under Rule 59.